

MCR3U – Unit 4 (Trigonometry) Quiz

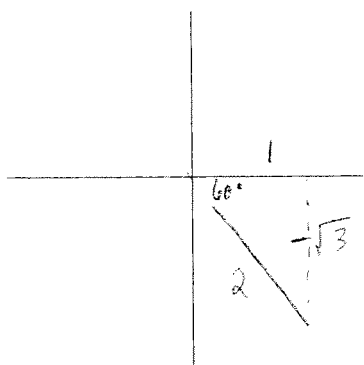
Show all related work.

Name: Answers

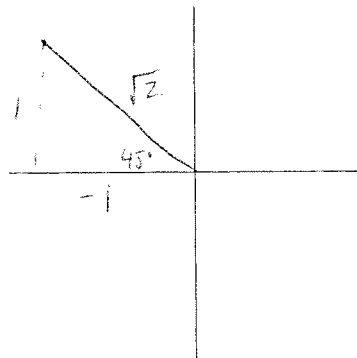
8 K 6 T 4 C 9 A 27 Total

1. Please give the **exact** trigonometric ratios that correspond to the following angles:

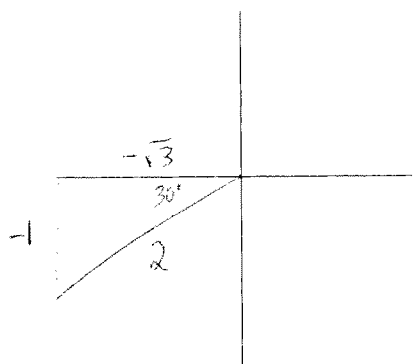
a) $\cos 300^\circ = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$



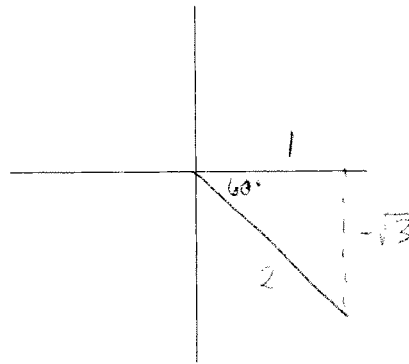
b) $\tan 135^\circ = \boxed{\frac{1}{-1}}$



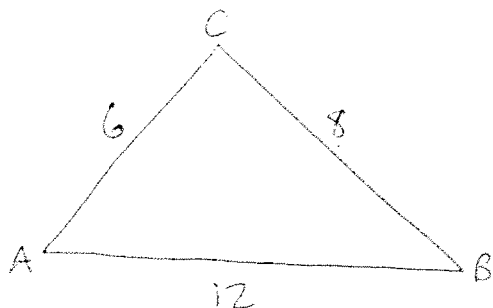
c) $\tan 210^\circ = \boxed{\frac{-1}{-\sqrt{3}}}$



d) $\sin 300^\circ = \boxed{\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}}$



2. Solve triangle ABC if: $a = 8$ km, $b = 6$ km, $c = 12$ km.



$$\cos C = \frac{8^2 + 6^2 - 12^2}{2(8)(6)}$$

$$= -0.4583$$

$$C = 117.3^\circ$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin C} = \frac{b}{\sin B}$$

$$\frac{12}{\sin 117.3^\circ} = \frac{6}{\sin B}$$

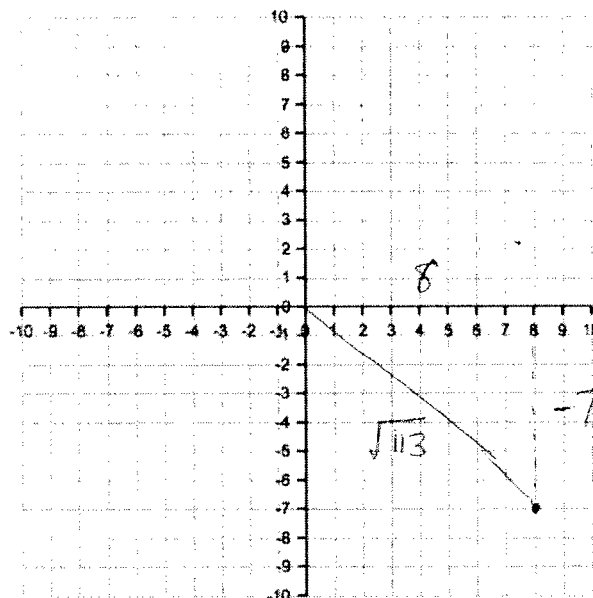
$$\sin B = \frac{6(\sin 117.3^\circ)}{12}$$

$$\angle B = 26.38^\circ$$

$$\angle A = 180^\circ - 117.3^\circ - 26.38^\circ = 36.3^\circ$$

3. What are the exact trigonometric ratios for the angle (θ) represented by a terminal arm that goes through (8, -7)? [Please draw the terminal arm on the grid provided, and label the side lengths. Show any other work in the space below.]

$$C^2 = 8^2 + (-7)^2$$



4 K

$$\sin \theta = \frac{-7}{\sqrt{113}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{8}{\sqrt{113}}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{\sqrt{113}}{-7}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{\sqrt{113}}{8}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{-7}{8}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{8}{-7}$$

4. Prove each of the following identities.

a) $\cot \theta \tan \theta \sec \theta \cos \theta = 1$

$$LS = \left(\frac{1}{\tan \theta} \right) \tan \theta \left(\frac{1}{\cos \theta} \right) \cos \theta$$

6 T

$$= 1 \quad \checkmark$$

b) $\sin^2 x = \cos^2 x (\sec^2 x - 1)$

$$RS = \cos^2 x \left(\frac{1}{\cos^2 x} - 1 \right)$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2 x}{\cos^2 x} - \cos^2 x$$

$$= 1 - \cos^2 x$$

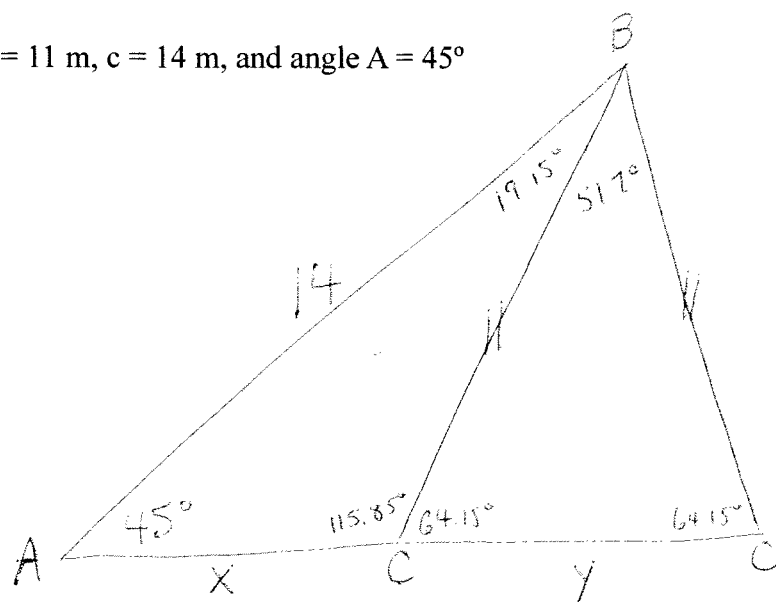
$$= (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) - \cos^2 x$$

$$= \sin^2 x \quad \checkmark$$

6. Solve **all** triangles that satisfy the given information. Be sure to show **how many** triangles can be formed.

$a = 11$ m, $c = 14$ m, and angle $A = 45^\circ$

6A



$$\frac{c}{\sin C} = \frac{a}{\sin A}$$

$$\frac{14}{\sin C} = \frac{11}{\sin 45^\circ}$$

$$\sin C = \frac{14 \sin 45^\circ}{11}$$

$$C = 64.15^\circ$$

$$180^\circ - 64.15^\circ = 115.85^\circ$$

$$180^\circ - 45^\circ - 115.85^\circ = 19.15^\circ$$

$$180^\circ - 64.15^\circ - 64.15^\circ = 51.7^\circ$$

$$\frac{x}{\sin 19.15^\circ} = \frac{11}{\sin 45^\circ}$$

$$x = \frac{11 \sin 19.15^\circ}{\sin 45^\circ}$$

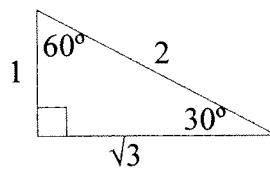
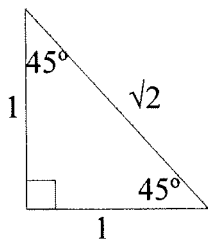
$$x = 5.10$$

$$\frac{y}{\sin 51.7^\circ} = \frac{11}{\sin 64.15^\circ}$$

$$y = \frac{11 \sin 51.7^\circ}{\sin 64.15^\circ}$$

$$y = 9.60$$

Reference Material



$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

$$\csc q = \frac{1}{\sin q}$$

$$\sec q = \frac{1}{\cos q}$$

$$\cot q = \frac{1}{\tan q}$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab(\cos C)$$

$$\cos C = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab}$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$