

/15K	/10T	/6C	/14A	/1Bonus	Total	/45
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Name: _____ Date: _____

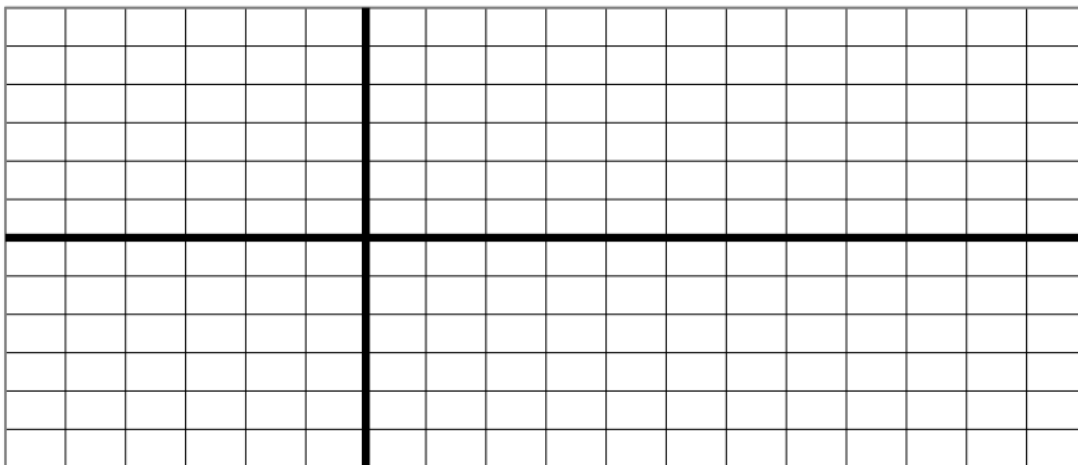
MCR3U

Unit 5 Test: Trigonometric functions

Show all related work – support your answers by showing your process!

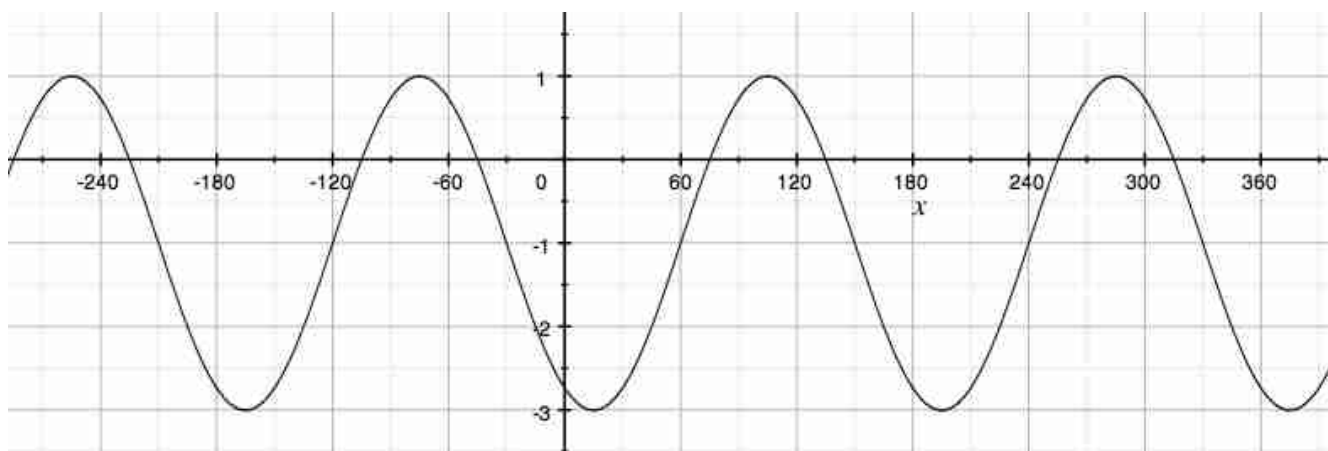
/3
K

1. Sketch one cycle of the graph of $y = -3 \sin\left[\frac{4}{5}(x - 90^\circ)\right]$. Include an appropriate scale on each axis.



/3
K

2. Write an equation to represent the sinusoidal function in the following graph.



$\begin{matrix} /2 \\ \text{C} \end{matrix}$ 3. What is the phase shift (and direction) of the cosine curve $y = 2 \cos(0.5x - 100^\circ)$?

$\begin{matrix} /2 \\ \text{K} \end{matrix}$ 4. Determine the period of the function $y = 60 \sin \left[\frac{10}{7}(x - 360^\circ) \right] + 120$?

$\begin{matrix} /3 \\ \text{T} \end{matrix}$ 5. A sinusoidal function has an amplitude of 8 units, a period of 45° , and a minimum at $(0, -14)$. Represent the function with an equation using a sine or cosine function.

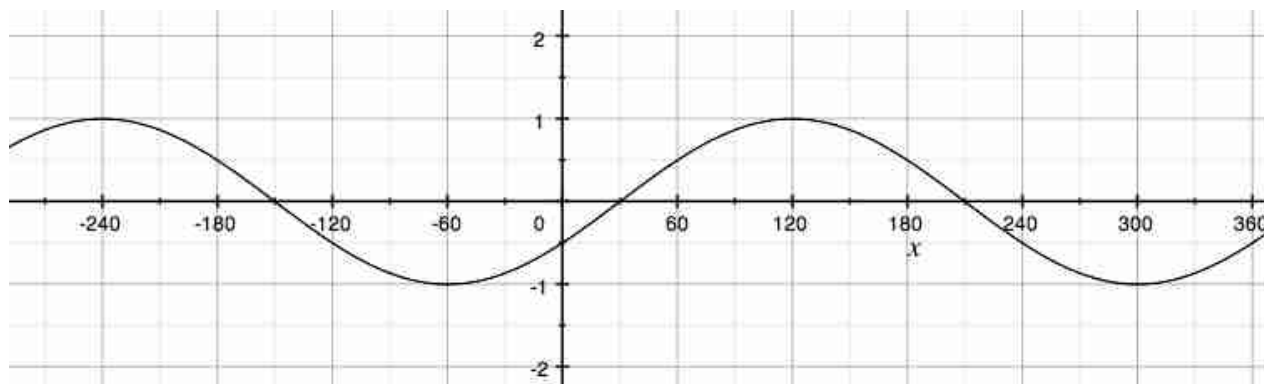
$\begin{matrix} /3 \\ \text{T} \end{matrix}$ 6. Give the **co-ordinates** of a maximum of the graph of $f(x) = \sin[2(x - 30^\circ)] + 4$. Use this information to determine an equivalent equation using a cosine function.

2
C

7. Is this the curve $y = -\cos(x - 60^\circ)$?

If it is, provide evidence to support it.

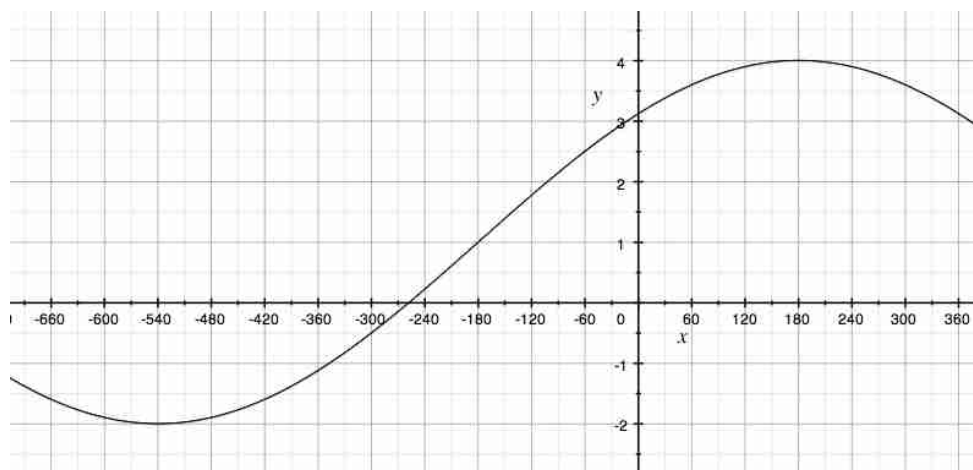
If it isn't, explain why it isn't.



4
K

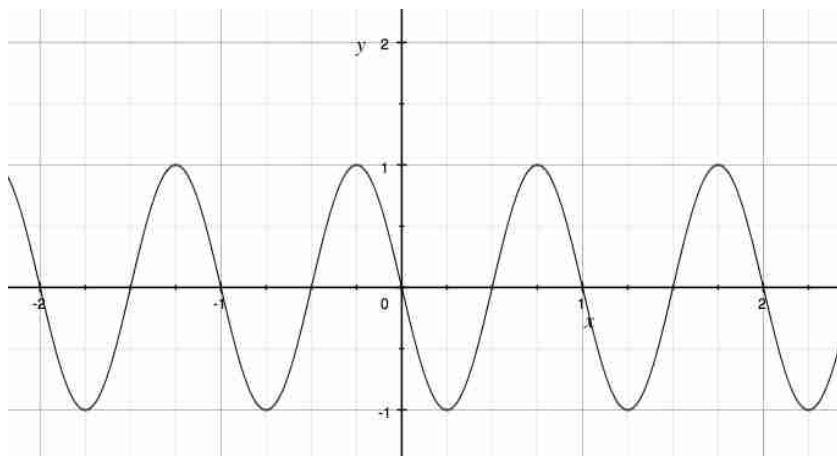
8. Determine equations to model each of the following sinusoidal functions.

a)



4
A

b)



9. The following table lists average monthly high temperatures ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) in St. John's NF for one year.

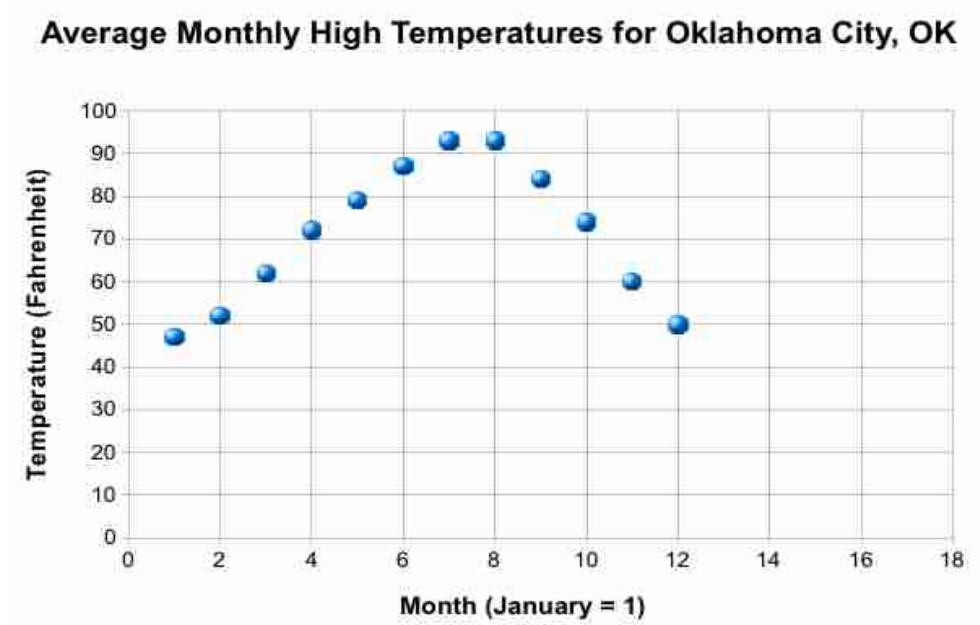
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
47	52	62	72	79	87	93	93	84	74	60	50

/3
K

- a) Determine a **sine or cosine** equation to model this data.

/2
C

- b) Graph your equation below.



/2
A

- c) Determine an equivalent **sine or cosine** function that models this data.

- If you used **sine** in part (a), use **cosine** here
- If you used **cosine** in part (a), use **sine** here

/5
A

10. The depth of water h , in metres, in a given location on a given day at t hours after midnight can be modelled using the sinusoidal function $h(t) = 1.8 \cos[30(t-2)] + 5.7$.

a) What are the maximum and minimum depths, of the water ?

b) Determine a time at which low tide occurs.

c) What is the depth of the water at 8 PM?

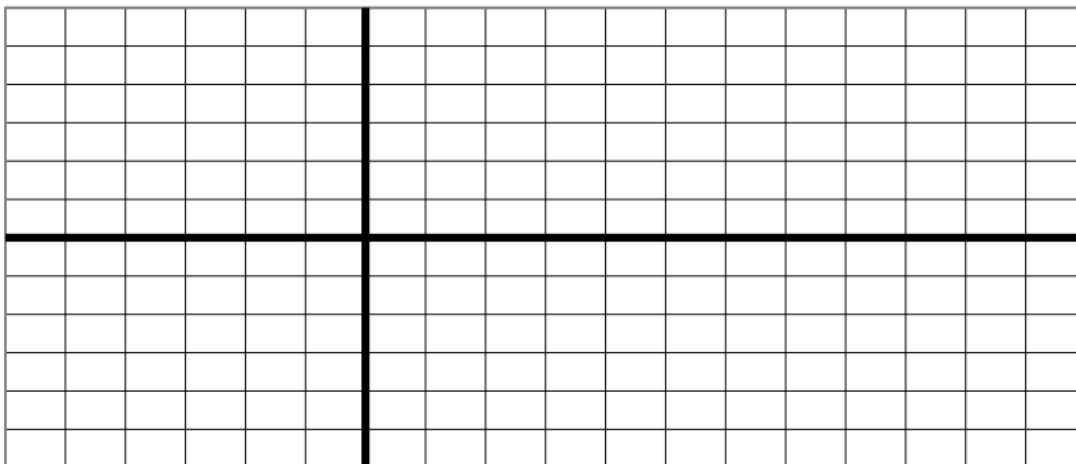
/4
T

11. Find the equation of a sinusoidal function that fits the following specifications:

- A maximum at $(45^\circ, 7)$
- The **next** maximum at $(60^\circ, 7)$
- The minimum of the function is -13

/3
A

12. Sketch the function $h(x) = 4 \cos[6(x - 30^\circ)]$. Include an appropriate scale on both axes.



BONUS

/1

Describe the difference between **period** and **k**. Do not just give the formulas that relate the two.

$$\text{Period} = \frac{360^\circ}{k}$$

$$k = \frac{360^\circ}{\text{Period}}$$

$$\text{Amplitude} = \frac{\text{max} - \text{min}}{2}$$

$$\text{Vertical Shift} = \frac{\text{max} + \text{min}}{2}$$

$$\text{Maximum} = \text{Vertical Shift} + \text{Amplitude}$$

$$\text{Minimum} = \text{Vertical Shift} - \text{Amplitude}$$

$$y = a \sin[k(x - d)] + c$$

$$y = a \cos[k(x - d)] + c$$